## The Spelling Bee

It was past the midway point in the class spelling bee, and only Jim and Carl remained in the contest. The two boys lived in the same neighborhood and were best friends. Each one really wanted to win.

Mr. Jones, the teacher, said, "Jim, please spell misbehave." After Jim spelled the word correctly, Mr. Jones asked Carl to spell the word prejudge. Carl spelled it correctly, so Mr. Jones asked Jim to spell the word disbelief.

Jim wore a puzzled look on his face because he was unsure of the spelling. He closed his eyes and said, "D-I-S-B-E-L-E-I-F."

Mr. Jones shook his head and announced, "I'm sorry, Jim, but that is incorrect. Carl, if you can spell disbelief correctly, you will be our winner."

All eyes were on Carl as he took a deep breath and slowly spelled, "D-I-S-B-E-L-I-E-F."
"That's correct," Mr. Jones said. "That means you are our winner!"
As the class clapped and cheered, Carl went over to Jim, who looked a little sad. Carl said, "I hope you're not mad at me."

Jim smiled and replied, "I'm not mad at you, Carl. I could never be mad at you just because of a contest."
"Then we're still best friends?" Carl asked, to which Jim replied with a laugh, "What do you think?!"

## Name/Date

## Teacher/Grade

## 1. MONITOR ORAL READING FLUENCY

To monitor student progress, use two copies of the passage, one for you and one for the student. On your copy of the passage, record the student's oral reading behaviors and the minutes and seconds required for the student to read the entire passage.
Note expression, phrasing, and miscues.

## INTRODUCE THE PASSAGE

Say: In this story, "The Spelling Bee," Jim and Carl are in a spelling contest. Read aloud to find out who wins and if Jim and Carl stay friends. You may begin now.
RATE Use the student's oral reading time to circle the Words Per Minute (WPM) range. After the assessment, determine and record the student's exact WPM.
215 (Total Words Read) $\div$ $\qquad$ total seconds $=$ $\qquad$ $\times 60=$ $\qquad$ WPM

| Rate | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT | 4 ADVANCED |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minutes:Seconds | $3: 21$ or more | $3: 20-2: 33$ | $2: 32-1: 52$ | $1: 51$ or less |
| WPM | 64 or fewer | $65-84$ | $85-115$ | 116 or more |

ACCURACY Circle the number of miscues that are not self-corrected and record the percent of accuracy.

| Accuracy | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT |  |  | 4 ADVANCED |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Miscues | 12 or more | $10-11$ | $8-9$ | $6-7$ | $4-5$ | $1-3$ | 0 |
| Percent of Accuracy | 94 or less | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |

If the student's percent of accuracy or rate is below the instructional range, reassess with a lower-level passage to determine an instructional reading level.

Check one: $\qquad$ Expression and phrasing are appropriate.
$\qquad$ Expression and phrasing need attention.

Name/Date
Teacher/Grade

## 2. MONITOR COMPREHENSION

Circle the descriptors that best reflect the student's responses. Possible Independent responses for Sections 2 and 3 are provided. Accept other appropriate responses. The student may use the passage when responding.
RETELL Character/Setting Say: What is the setting of the story? (Possible response: in a school or classroom.) Who are the characters are in this story? (Possible response: Jim, Carl, and Mr. Jones) Tell me about these characters. (Possible responses: Jim and Carl are best friends. Each one wants to win. Mr. Jones is their teacher.)

| Comprehension | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT | 4 ADVANCED |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Retell: Character/ <br> Setting | Does not identify characters or <br> setting, or does not respond | Gives a partially correct <br> response, such as identifies <br> the setting and 1 character; <br> may misinterpret information | Identifies the setting; names <br> and provides a detail about <br> each character | Identifies the setting; names <br> and provides details about <br> each character using specific <br> vocabulary from the story |

## RETELL Plot Say: Tell me what happens at the beginning, in the middle, and at the end of the story.

(Possible responses: Beginning: Jim and Carl are the only two students left in the spelling bee.
They are best friends. Middle: Each boy spells the word "disbelief." Jim spells it incorrectly. End: Carl is worried that Jim is mad at him, but Jim tells him that he isn't. They remain best friends.)

| Comprehension | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT | 4 ADVANCED |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Retell: Plot | Does not identify plot events <br> or does not respond | Gives a partially correct <br> response, such as identifies <br> middle and end plot events; <br> may misinterpret events | Identifies plot events from the <br> beginning, middle, and end of <br> the story | Identifies plot events from the <br> beginning, middle, and end of <br> the story including details and <br> specific vocabulary |

## Name/Date

## Teacher/Grade

## 3. IN-DEPTH PROGRESS MONITORING

The items below provide more in-depth progress monitoring of specific skills. The student may use the passage when responding.

## COMPREHENSION Draw Conclusions

- Say: Why did Jim look sad at the end of the spelling bee? (Possible response: Because he misspelled a word and was disappointed that he lost the contest.)
- Say: Are Carl and Jim best friends at the end of the story? Why do you think that? (Possible response: Yes; Jim said that he couldn't be mad at Carl because of a contest; they aren't going to let a contest come between them.)

| Comprehension | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT | 4 ADVANCED |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Draw Conclusions | Is not able to draw a <br> conclusion or does not <br> respond | Gives a partially correct <br> response, such as draws <br> conclusion; may <br> misinterpret information | Draws a reasonable <br> conclusion using information <br> from the text for each <br> question | Draws a reasonable <br> conclusion using information <br> and specific vocabulary from <br> the text for each question |

## VOCABULARY Prefixes and Suffixes

- Point to the word neighborhood in the first paragraph. Say: This word is neighborhood. What does neighborhood mean? (Possible response: a place where people live near one another)
- Point to the word incorrect in the fourth paragraph. Say: This is the word incorrect. What does incorrect mean? (Possible responses: not correct, not right, wrong)

| Vocabulary | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT | 4 ADVANCED |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Prefixes/Suffixes | Gives inaccurate or vague <br> meanings, or does not respond | Gives a partially correct <br> response, such as the <br> intended meaning of 1 word | Gives the intended meaning of <br> each word | Gives the intended meaning <br> with details for each word |

- End the conference.

WORD READING Prefixes mis-, dis-, pre-, mid- Return to the Record of Oral Reading to determine whether the student read these words correctly: midway, misbehave, disbelief, prejudge.

| Word Reading | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT | 4 ADVANCED |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Prefixes mis-, dis-, <br> pre-, mid-- | Does not read any words <br> accurately or omits them | Reads $1-3$ of 4 words <br> accurately | Reads all 4 words accurately | Reads all 4 words accurately <br> and automatically |

